



Gemeinschaft Evangelischer Kirchen in Europa (GEKE)
Communion of Protestant Churches in Europe (CPCE)
Communion d'Eglises Protestantes en Europe (CEPE)

1 **European elections – current challenges call for** 2 **responsibility and hope**

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4 The tenth elections to the European Parliament will take place from 6 to 9 June 2024. Citizens
5 of the EU member states can cast their vote for the world's only directly elected parliament that
6 steers the fate of many countries. The Communion of Protestant Churches in Europe would
7 like to make its voice heard and encourage everyone to take part in the European elections
8 and play a constructive role in shaping European democracy. An improved voter turnout would
9 be a good sign for Europe's future.

10 11 *Bringing hope to Europe*

12 By taking part in the European elections, each and every individual can take responsibility for
13 a democratic Europe and thus spread hope. We support politicians and all those in civil society
14 who are committed to the EU as a community of values and solidarity. Together, we stand for
15 a diverse, sustainable and social Europe.

16 We are deeply concerned by the current situation in Europe with rising populism and
17 polarization in societies. Even beyond the elections, we want to campaign against all forms of
18 extremism, racism, antisemitism and nationalism. Balancing interests, participation and
19 peaceful coexistence across borders are important to us.

20 The Communion of Protestant Churches in Europe is currently preparing its General Assembly
21 in Sibiu/Hermannstadt/Nagyszeben, Romania. Churches of all sizes form a diverse
22 communion of 96 member churches that liaises between East and West, North and South,
23 across Europe. We experience that through discussion, confrontation with each other and the
24 joint search for compromise we continue to grow together. Inspired by the biblical letter to the
25 Ephesians, the theme of the General Assembly is: "In the Light of Christ - Called to Hope". We
26 want to bring the hope that comes with these experiences to Europe, leading to improvements
27 in living alongside one another.

28 29 *European challenges need European solutions*

30 These European elections will be of enormous importance for the future of Europe. The EU is
31 not only based on mutual economic benefits and a common market, but also on the willingness
32 to provide support and mutual solidarity in times of crisis. In this European election year, we
33 are aware of a variety of challenges such as climate change, war, migration, social inequality
34 and economic recession. All of these challenges do not stop at national borders and have a
35 global dimension. Solutions on the European level are needed more than ever.

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37 Pan-European efforts are needed to tackle the global challenge of man-made climate change
38 and achieve a just transition to a climate-neutral society within the EU. The fight for social
39 equality in the EU must continue through the harmonisation of social standards and a
40 comprehensive cohesion policy. According to the UNHCR, there are roughly 110 million
41 refugees worldwide. An asylum and migration policy based on solidarity with high protection

1 and reception standards can provide an answer to the current migration movements. The
2 Russian war of aggression against Ukraine, which violates international law, calls for a joint
3 European response as well as humanitarian, military and financial support. The EU must meet
4 the challenges posed by digitalisation and artificial intelligence. A dialogue involving Christian
5 anthropology and risk-based legislation could pose solutions. Political polarisation continues,
6 often manifesting itself in anti-European and anti-democratic populism. European institutions
7 are called upon to strengthen democracy and the rule of law.

8 Candidates should be judged by the extent to which they contribute to constructive European
9 solutions. A return to nationalism will not help to meet the current challenges in the long term.

10 11 *Taking responsibility for Europe as a peace project*

12 As the Communion of Protestant Churches in Europe, we are grateful that the enmities of the
13 First and Second World Wars have been overcome. Our communion was formed in 1973 under
14 the formula 'reconciled diversity'. Since then, we have deepened our church communion and
15 thus promoted unity. In this way, we also serve society. Together we reflect on the challenges
16 facing society and our mission, as we did during the Covid-19 pandemic.¹

17 We want to continue to take responsibility for Europe as a peace project and actively promote
18 and help shape it through our activities and initiatives. Christians are called upon to love God
19 and their neighbour. In loving God and our neighbour, we are also called upon to account for
20 this when looking towards the political landscape and where we cast our votes. We encourage
21 our member churches throughout Europe to create spaces for opinion-building and encounter
22 with politicians.

23 This year's European elections will be landmark elections. In this election year, practising love
24 for our neighbour therefore means meeting our counterparts in a friendly manner, seeking a
25 fair debate about Europe's future. We may argue with each other, but not in ways that lead to
26 public polarization. With this attitude, we want to contribute to a peaceful and respectful
27 discourse in Europe. We also expect this attitude from those who bear political responsibility.
28 As Europeans, we have the opportunity this June to elect politicians with this attitude. May we
29 take this opportunity as Europe enters its newest chapter.

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32 *The Council of the Communion of Protestant Churches in Europe*
33 *Reutlingen/Vienna, February 2024*

¹ Communion of Protestant Churches in Europe CPCE, "Being church together in a pandemic" – Reflections from a Protestant Perspective.